

2026 Viola Audition Repertoire

Solo:

Hoffmeister: Concerto in D, 1st and 2nd movement (exposition only)

OR

Stamitz: Concerto Op. 1 in D major, 1st and 2nd movement (exposition only)

Orchestra excerpts:

Beethoven: Symphony No.5, 2nd mvt.

- mm. 1 – 106

Strauss: Don Juan

- Beginning to Reh. B

Mendelssohn: Midsummer Night's Dream, Scherzo

- mm. 187-254

Mozart: Magic Flute Overture

- mm. 27-63

Shostakovich: Symphony No. 5, 1st mvt.

- Reh. 15 to Reh. 17
- Reh. 36 to 3 bars after Reh. 38

Wagner: Tannhäuser Overture

- mm. 116-124
- mm. 180-183
- mm. 220-238
- mm. 257-309

Beethoven — Symphony No. 5

Viola

4

Andante con moto ♩ = 92

The musical score for the Viola part of the second movement of Beethoven's Symphony No. 5, measures 1 to 106. The tempo is marked 'Andante con moto' with a quarter note equal to 92 beats per minute. The key signature is two flats (B-flat major or D-flat minor). The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The dynamics range from *p dolce* to *ff*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks. There are two boxed sections labeled 'A' and 'B'. The score ends with a 'pizz.' (pizzicato) marking at measure 104.

Measures 1-106. Dynamics include *p dolce*, *p*, *f*, *cresc.*, *pp*, *ff*, *sempre ff*, *pp*, *sempre p*, *cresc. f*, *p dolce*, *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *p*, *cresc.*, *f*, *pp*, *ff*, *pp*, *sempre pp*, *cresc. f*, *ff*, *p dolce*, *pp*, *pizz.*

Richard Strauss
Don Juan, Op.20

Strauss: Don Juan - Beginning to Reh. B

VIOLA

Allegro, molto con brio

ff

ff

pizz.

ff

arco

mf

ff

A

ff

fff

ff

ff

ff

B

Mendelssohn: Midsummer Night's Dream, Scherzo - mm. 187-254

This musical score is for the Scherzo from Mendelssohn's *A Midsummer Night's Dream*, measures 187-254. The music is written for a single melodic line in 3/8 time, with a key signature of one flat (B-flat major or D minor). The score is divided into systems, with measure numbers 189, 196, 203, 211, 220, 235, 242, and 249 marking the beginning of new lines. The notation includes various rhythmic values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together in rapid passages. Dynamic markings include *pp* (pianissimo), *p* (piano), and *dim.* (diminuendo). There are also articulation marks like accents and slurs. Some measures contain fingerings (e.g., 1, 4) and breath marks (vertical lines). The score concludes with a final measure at 249.

189

196

203

211

220

235

242

249

pp

p

dim.

pp

pp

pp

1

4

4

1

Mozart: Magic Flute Overture - mm. 27-63

16 in 2 Allegro 8 Viol. I

16 *p* *sf* *p* *sf* *p* *f*

30 *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

36 *simile* *f* *sf*

41 *sf* *sf* *sf*

46 *simile* *sf* *sf*

51 *p*

58 *p*

63 *LHe*

Shostakovich: Symphony No. 5, 1st mvt. Reh. 15 - 17

5 **15** 1 *p* *espress.*

16

17 $\text{♩} = 98$ **18** 3 *poco animando.* $\text{♩} = 104$ **19** 5 **20** 3

Shostakovich: Symphony No. 5, 1st mvt.- Reh. 36 to 3 bars after Reh. 38

36 *Largamente.* $\text{♩} = 66$ *ff*

37

38 *molto riten.*

Ouvertüre zur Oper »Tannhäuser«

1

VIOLA

Wagner: Tannhauser Overture, mm.116-124

Allegro (♩ = 80)

113

2

p

120

mf *dim.* *p crescendo*

123

f *p* *fp* *p*

un poco ritenuto div.

Wagner: Tannhauser Overture, mm.180-183

180

2 4

p *p*

Wagner: Tannhauser Overture, mm.220-238

220

p molto espressivo *p*

225

p *un poco accel.* *sempre cresc. -*

230

235

f più

Wagner: Tannhauser Overture, mm.257-309

254

258

261

264

267

270

K Molto vivace

273

278

283

290

293

297

301

308